

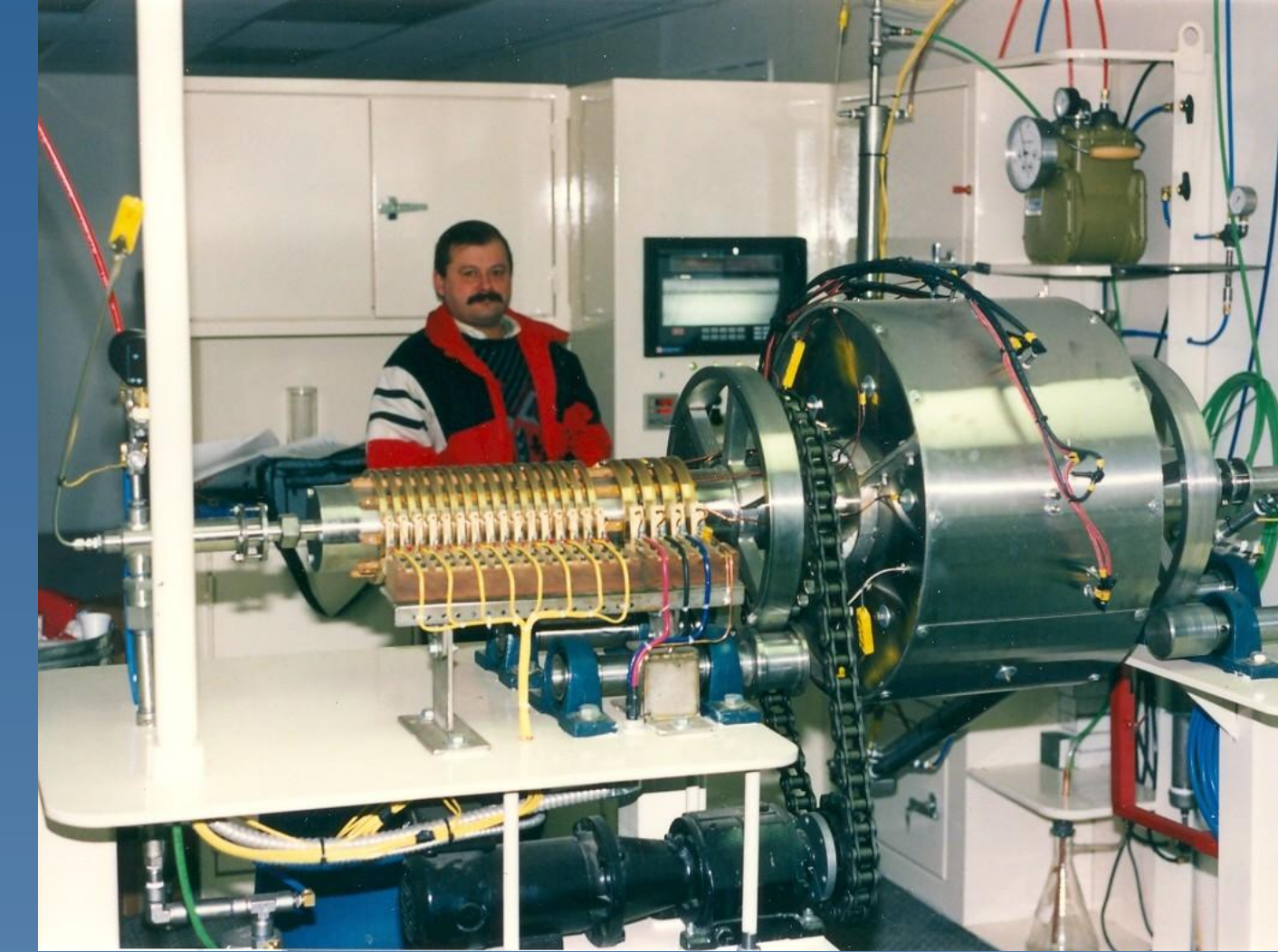
# The Alberta Taciuk Process (ATP) Technology - Projects and Performance - UMATAC Industrial Processes

## UMATAC Oil Shale Testing Equipment and Project Development Stages



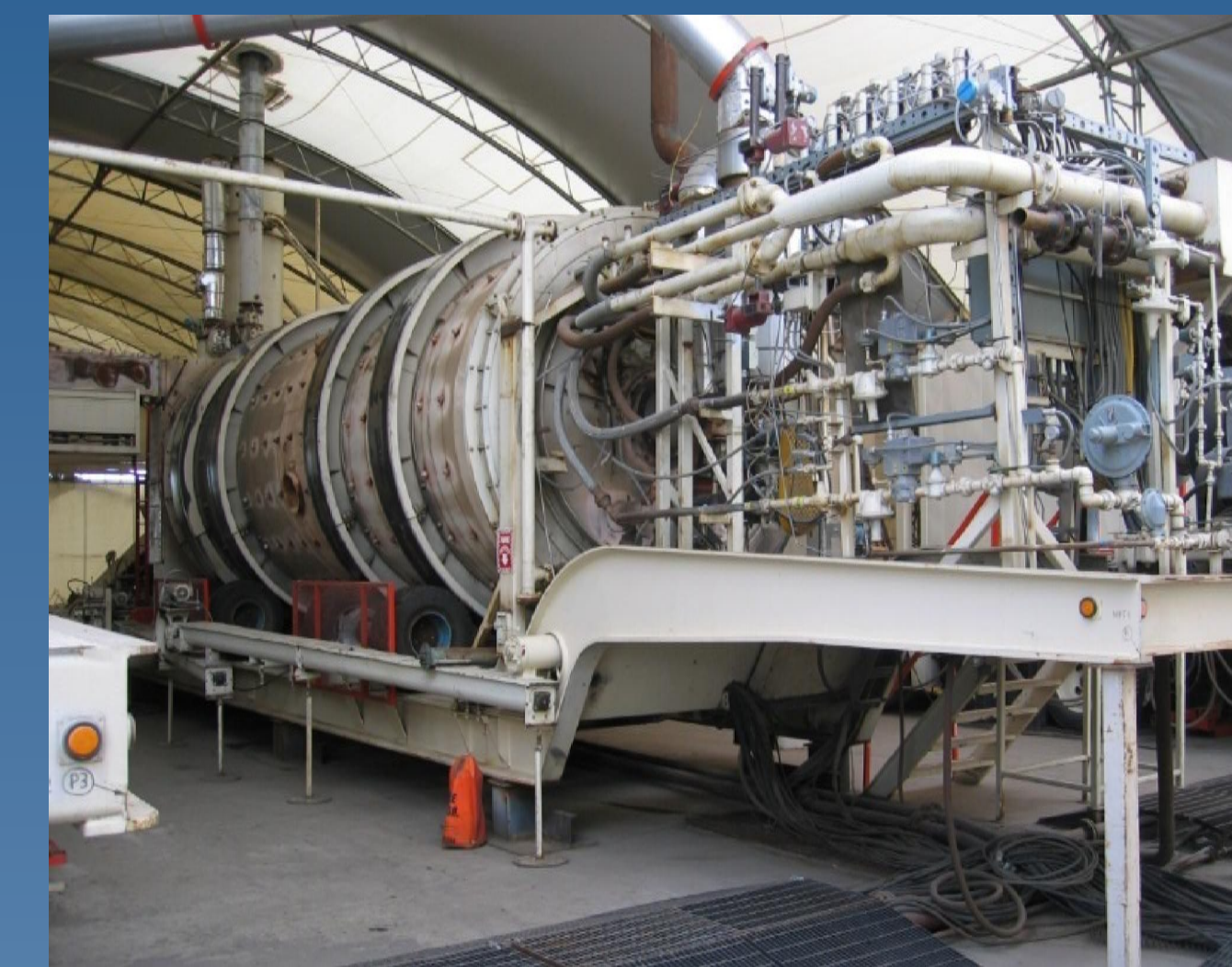
### Modified Fischer Assay

- > 1<sup>st</sup> stage of testing, small scale, quick, and inexpensive
- > 100 g of feed per test
- > Pyrolysis yield characterization
- > Ore grade assessment
- > Basic oil, gas, and coked solids production



### Batch Retort Unit

- > 2<sup>nd</sup> stage of testing
- > 2,500 g of feed per test
- > Pyrolysis yield sensitivity
- > Combustion studies
- > Drying studies
- > Enables production of larger oil samples for detailed characterization and more closely simulates behavior of commercial scale equipment



### UMATAC's Pilot ATP System (ATP60)

- > 3<sup>rd</sup> stage of testing
- > Up to 5 t/h (60 bbl/day oil sands equivalent)
- > Transportable
- > Used to gather final data necessary for design of commercial plant
- > Produces representative oil, off gas, flue gas, water and solids products for detailed characterization
- > Incorporates all parts of commercial plant ATP System:
  - Material handling
  - ATP processing / hydrocarbon extraction
  - Hydrocarbon recovery
  - Flue gas treatment



### Commercial Scale ATP System

- > Large unit capacities (200 to 750 t/h per ATP Processor)
- > Complete utilization of oil shale resource (no need to discard fines portion)
- > High oil yield and recovery efficiency
- > High quality excess off gas

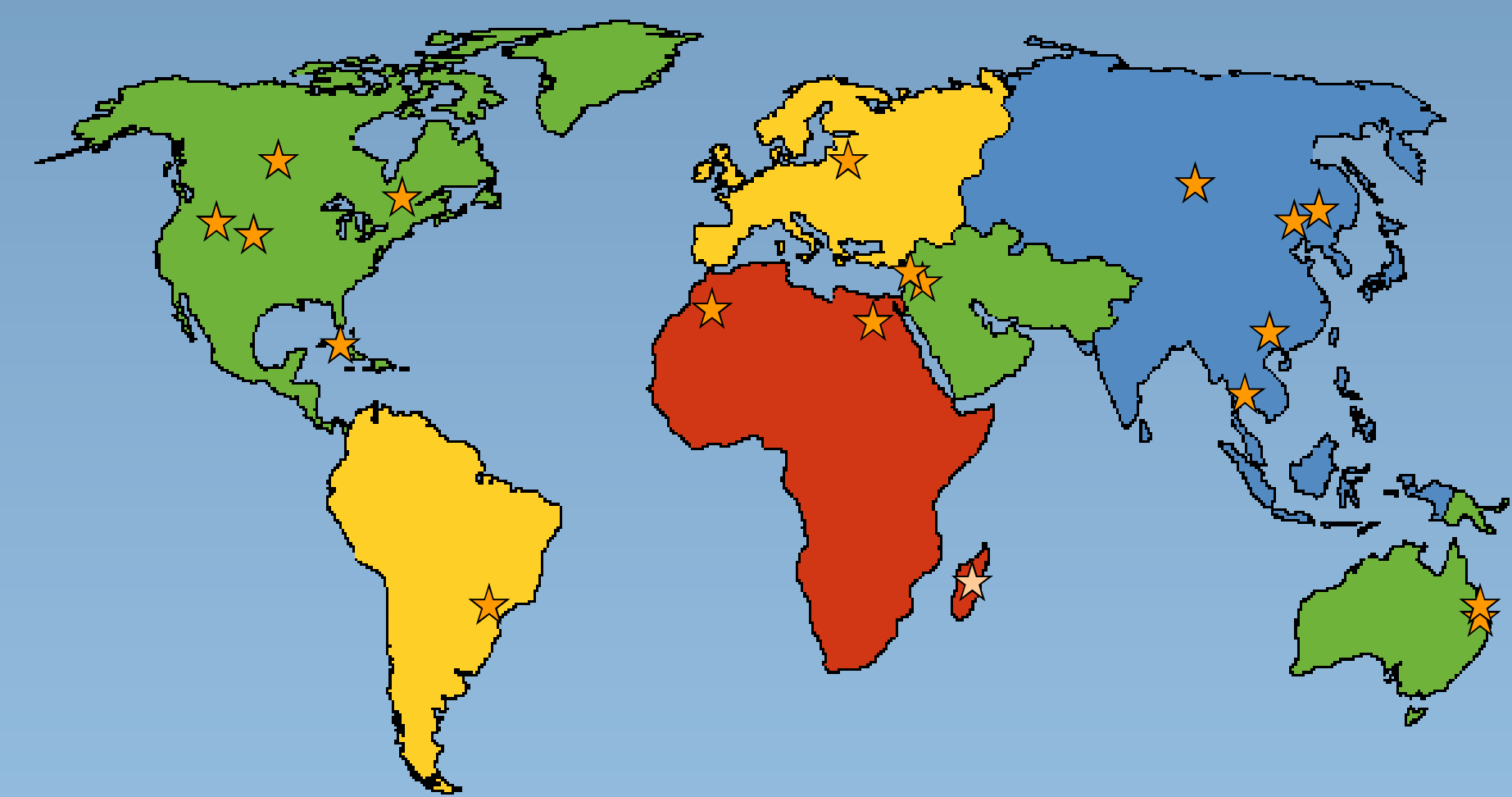
## Typical Modified Fischer Assay Data

MFA Data	Units	China 1	China 2	Saskatchewan	Utah High Grade	Utah Med Grade	Utah Low Grade	Wyoming Low Grade	Jordan	Australia	Estonia
<b>Feed Composition, wt% wet</b>											
Organics (including CO/CO <sub>2</sub> )	wt%	32.3	18.8	12.0	29.3	21.8	15.0	9.7	20.2	21.3	20.0
Free Water	wt%	4.4	5.1	15.0	1.1	1.0	0.6	9.3	2.9	25.5	6.8
<b>HC Yield, wt% of dry feed</b>											
CO+CO <sub>2</sub> Gas	wt%	1.7	2.0	0.8	1.0	0.6	1.0	1.1	0.8	2.1	0.9
<b>Kerogen</b>											
C <sub>3</sub> &- Gas (including H <sub>2</sub> & H <sub>2</sub> S)	wt%	1.3	0.7	1.4	1.5	1.2	1.0	0.4	1.1	1.0	1.2
C <sub>4</sub> in Gas	wt%	0.4	0.2	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4
C <sub>2</sub> &+ in Gas	wt%	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3	1.2	0.5
Clean Oil	wt%	11.7	7.4	4.6	19.4	12.6	8.0	4.4	11.2	13.7	13.7
Total C <sub>2</sub> &+	wt%	12.4	7.9	5.3	20.4	13.4	8.5	4.7	11.4	15.2	14.5
Total Coke	wt%	18.9	8.9	6.8	8.1	6.8	4.6	4.6	7.8	10.4	4.9
<b>Total Organic Products</b>	<b>wt%</b>	<b>34.2</b>	<b>19.5</b>	<b>14.3</b>	<b>31.1</b>	<b>22.0</b>	<b>15.1</b>	<b>10.8</b>	<b>21.2</b>	<b>28.6</b>	<b>21.5</b>
<b>Total HC Products (without CO/CO<sub>2</sub>)</b>	<b>wt%</b>	<b>32.6</b>	<b>17.5</b>	<b>13.5</b>	<b>30.1</b>	<b>21.4</b>	<b>14.1</b>	<b>9.7</b>	<b>20.3</b>	<b>26.6</b>	<b>20.7</b>
Clean Oil Density (C <sub>2</sub> &+)	g/mL	0.91	0.87	0.91	0.89	0.88	0.88	0.89	0.95	0.86	0.94
Oil Yield (C <sub>2</sub> &+)	LTOM	136.2	91.4	59.3	229.2	151.7	96.2	52.9	121.2	176.7	155.5

## Typical Mineralogy Data

	China 2	Utah	Wyoming	Jordan	Australia	Estonia
Free Water (wt%)	5.72	5.23	7.40	3.76	16.62	6.14
Kaolinite	21	-	-	<1	3	<1
Smectite	31	-	-	12	38	4
Illite	1	10	11	-	3	4
Calcite	-	5	24	49	4	43
Siderite	6	<1	-	2	2	-
Dolomite	-	28	4	-	-	8
Magnesite	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pyrite	1	<1	<1	1	2	2
Gypsum	-	-	7	-	2	-
K-feldspar	2	2	3	1	-	3
Na-feldspar	-	14	2	-	-	-
Quartz	17	8	12	10	10	8
Opal	-	-	-	-	8	-
Anatase	<1	-	-	-	<1	-
Albite	2	-	-	-	2	-
Buddingtonite	5	-	-	-	-	-
Analcime	-	1	10	-	-	-
Amorphous	13	32	27	25	25	28

## Worldwide Experience



UMATAC has tested oil shales from 6 out of 7 continents

- > Australia > Canada > Cuba > Estonia > Jordan > Mongolia > Thailand
- > Brazil > China > Egypt > Israel > Madagascar > Morocco > USA

## Current Projects

### Fushun, China

- > Nearing completion on the construction of a 230 t/h ATP Processor, oil recovery plant, and power generation plant

### Al Lajjun, Jordan

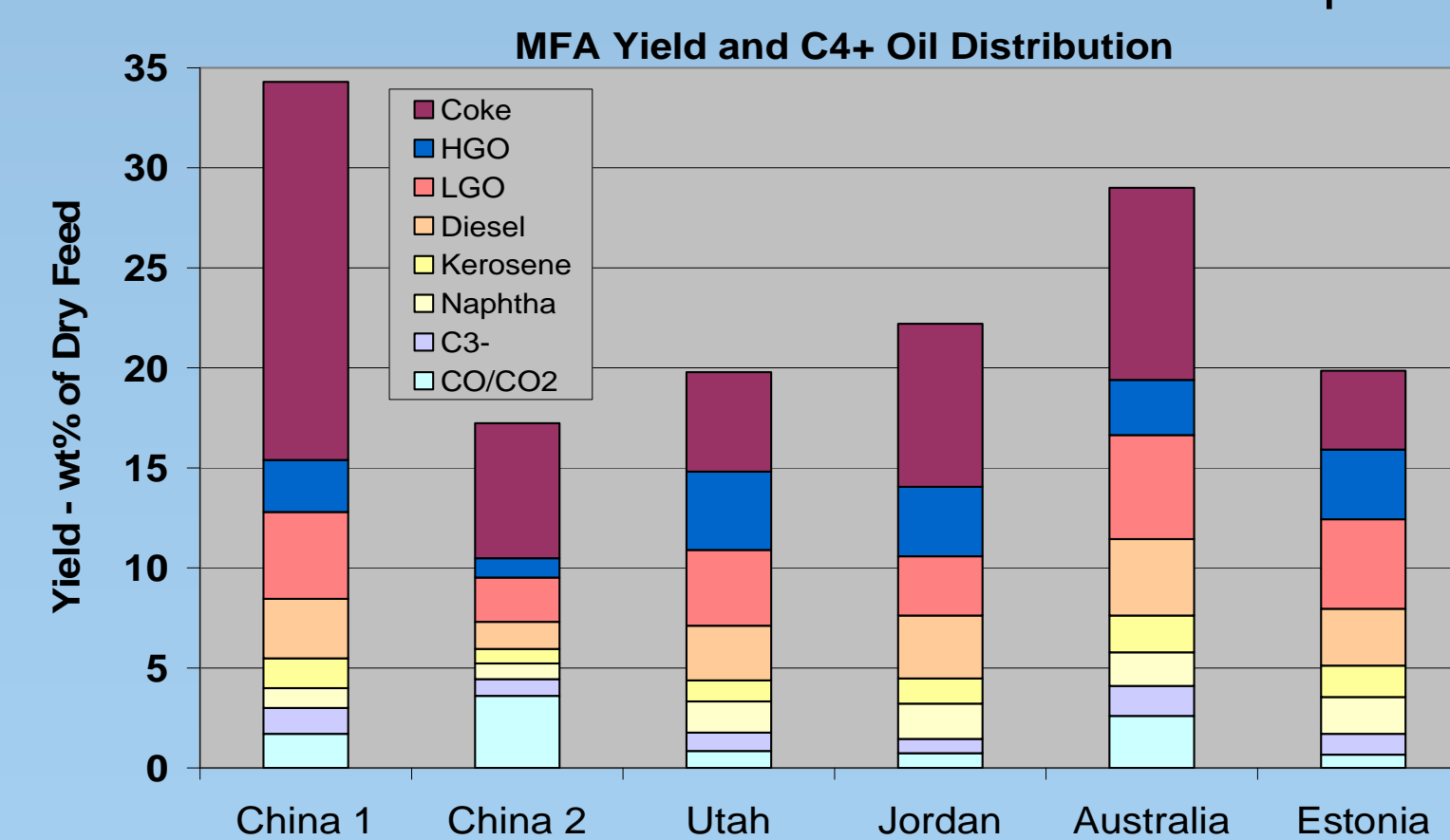
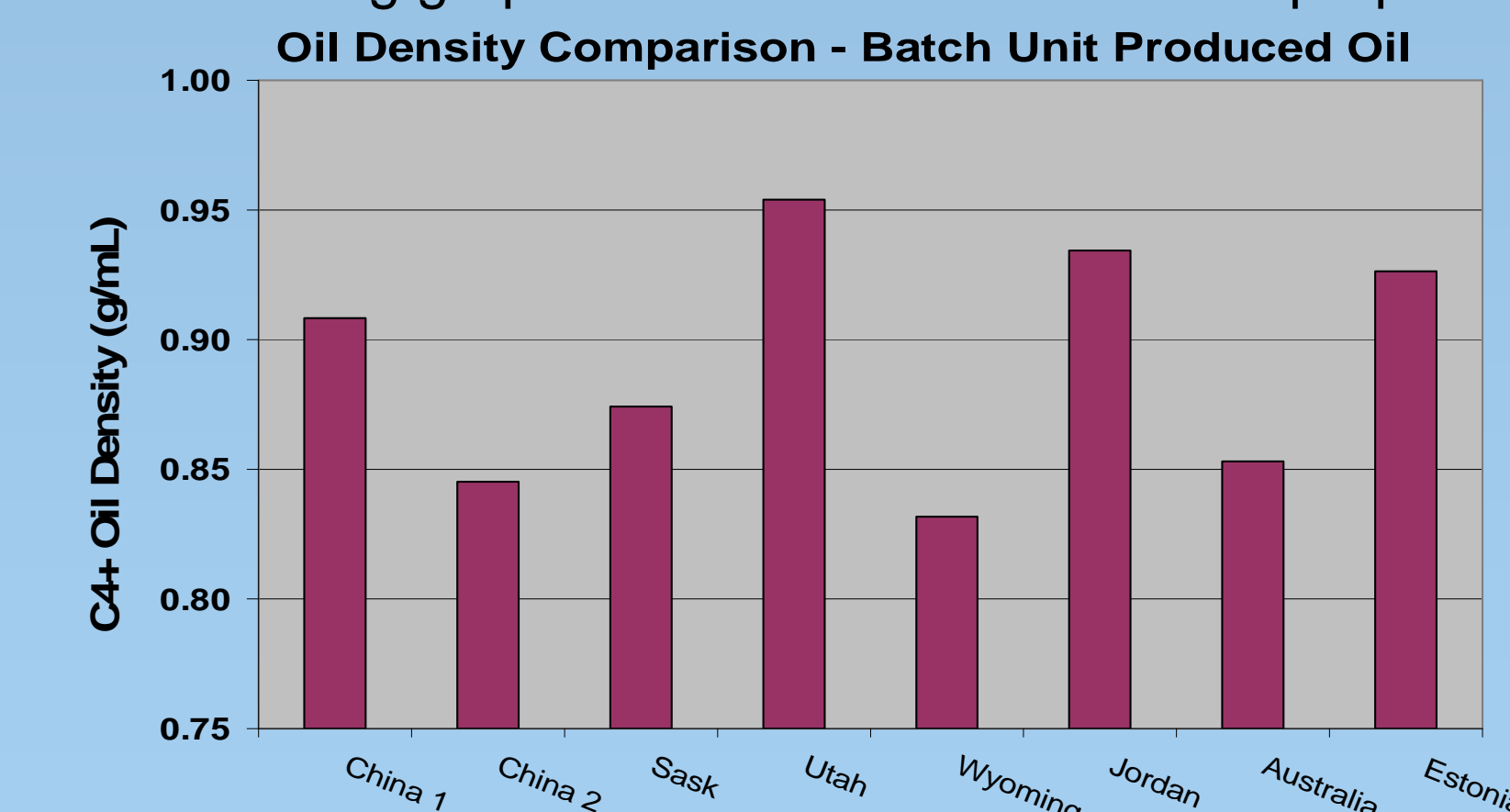
- > Jordan government acceptance of a feasibility study for twin 500 t/h ATP Processors with upgrading and power generation plants
- > Several large pilot plant tests were completed in summer 2009 on Jordan material and results reported

### Projects in Development

- > Bench scale testing on Thailand oil shale
- > Oil shale/sand resource projects – North America, Middle East, and Asia

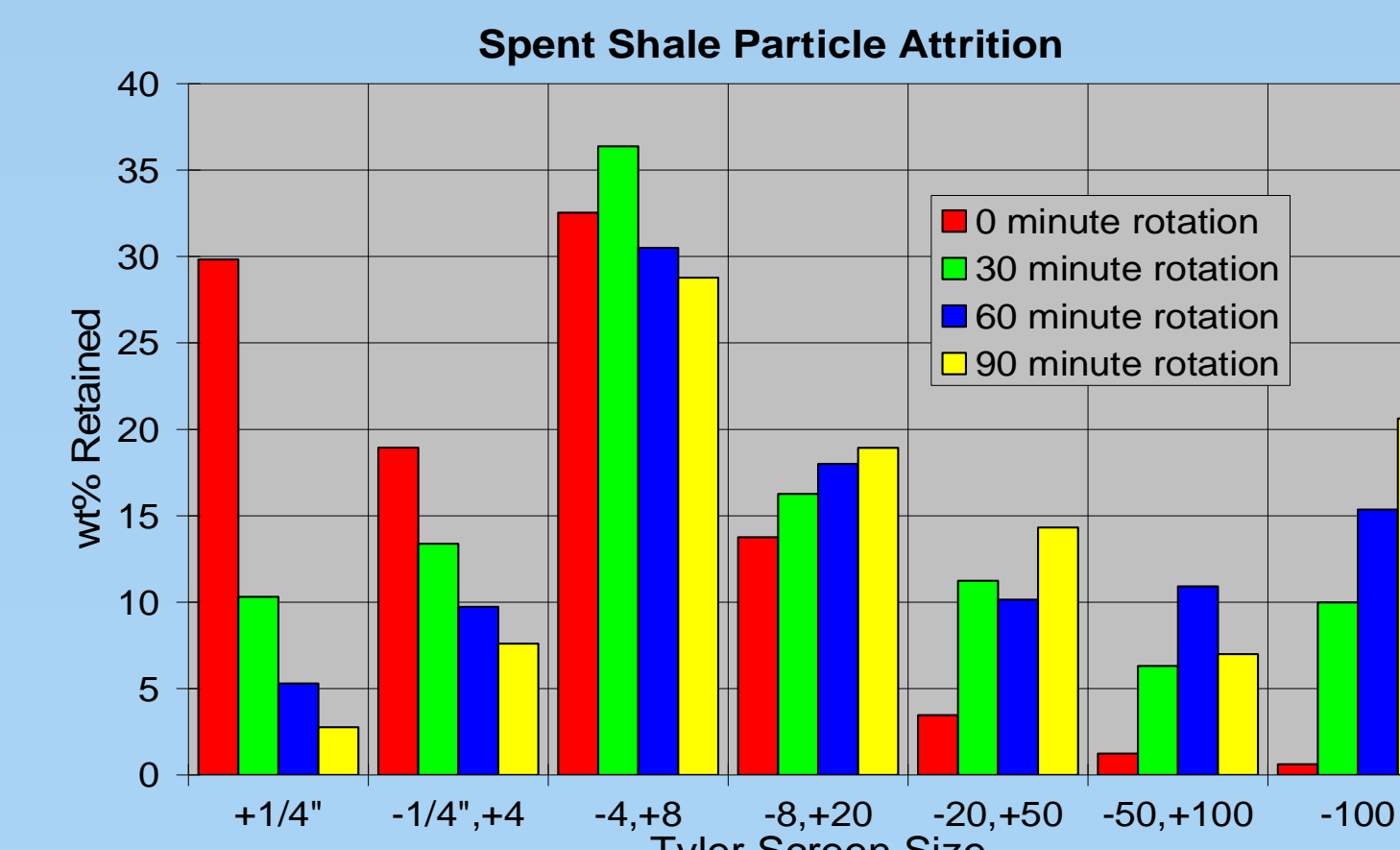
## The ATP System is Capable of Processing Ores with Varied Feed Grade, Water Content, Mineralogy, Sulphur Content, and Oil Properties

The following graphs and tables show selected properties of different shales and results from UMATAC developed test equipment



## Feed Ore & Spent Shale Analysis

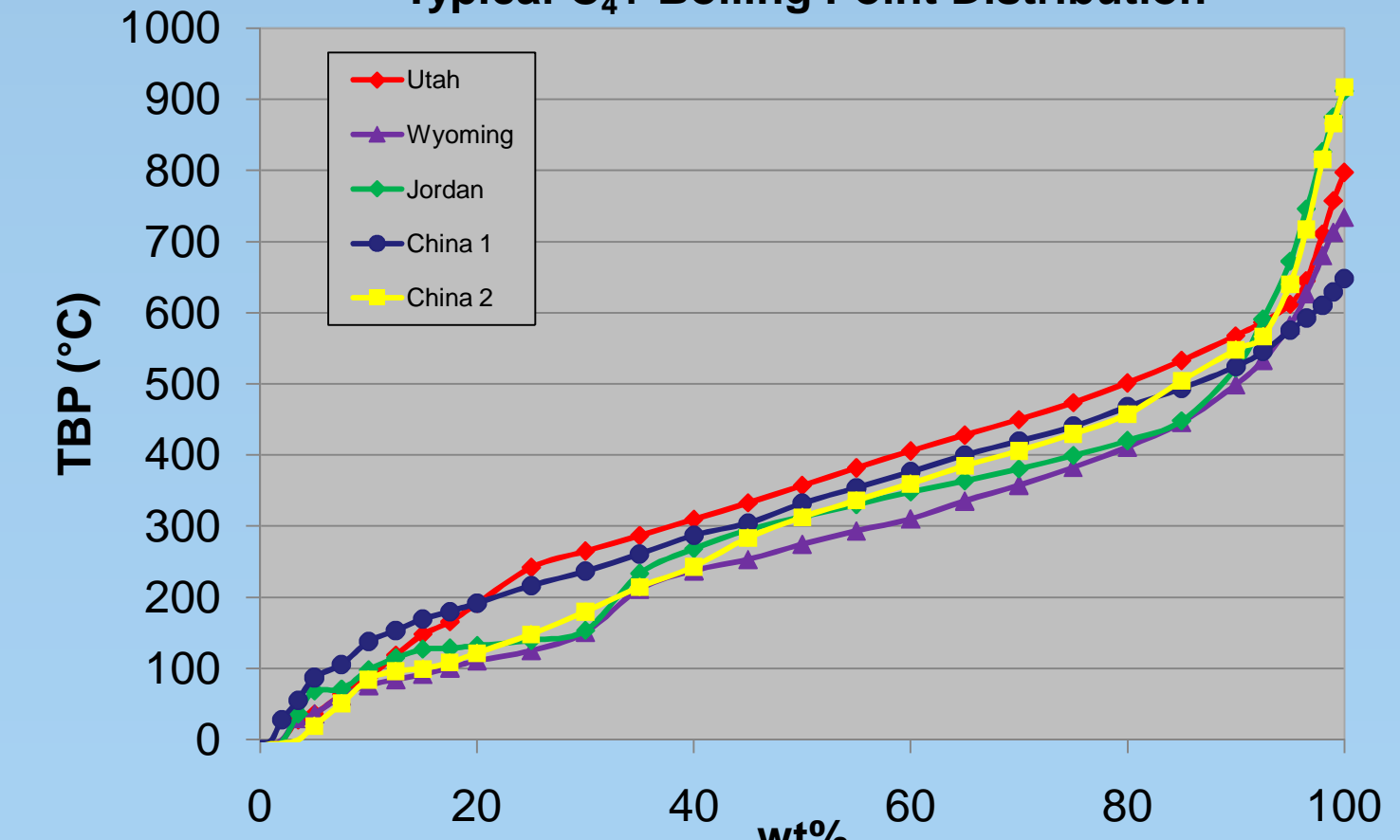
CHNS DATA - Feed Shale (DryBasis)	China 1	China 2	Utah	Wyoming	Jordan	Australia	Estonia
Carbon (wt%)	26.73	13.30	19.86	10.39	18.82	20.57	32.23
Hydrogen (wt%)	3.33	2.35	1.92	1.35	1.76	3.51	3.63
Nitrogen (wt%)	0.62	0.74	0.51	0.46	0.37	0.33	0.09
Sulfur (wt%)	0.62	0.64	0.66	0.55	2.91	2.00	1.91
Inerts + Oxygen (wt%)	68.80	82.97	77.05	87.26	76.13	73.59	62.08
C/H (wt%)	8.03	5.67	10.37	7.71	10.67	5.86	8.77



## Complete Boiling Point Range

Hydrocarbons recovered by ATP technology comprise the full boiling point spectrum – from light gases through gasoline/diesel up to heavy gas oil

### Typical C<sub>4</sub>+ Boiling Point Distribution



## Oil Upgrading



Hydrotreating / Upgrading Facility



Hydrotreated Naphtha  
Met Jet Fuel Specs  
< 1 ppm Sulfur  
< 4 ppm Nitrogen